

ENGLISH

LISTENING COMPREHENSION TEST

LYHYT OPPIMÄÄRÄ
KORT LÄROKURS

16.2.2011



YLIOPPILASTUTKINTOLAUTAKUNTA
STUDENTEXAMENSNÄMNDEN

Answer questions 1–25 by choosing the **best** alternative. Mark your answers **on the optical answer sheet in pencil**.

I

You will hear part one twice: first straight through and then in short sections. Answer questions 1–10.

1. Why did Erik Demaine get a “genius” grant?
 - A For combining science and art
 - B For bringing play into his workplace
 - C For being so well known

2. How does he feel about the school system?
 - A It fails to give enough art training
 - B It lacks a systematic approach
 - C It doesn’t handle cases like his

3. Why did he move around so often in his childhood?
 - A He knew how to
 - B He chose to
 - C He had to

4. How did he get to know computers?
 - A From an old catalog
 - B From an internet course
 - C From someone near by

5. Why does he like having so many research partners?
 - A His life has been lacking social aspects
 - B He can do work and have fun at the same time
 - C They bring him new games

6. What problem does he find in having so many research partners?
- A His time and energy might be used up carelessly
 - B He can't keep them all working at the same time
 - C They might play tricks on him

7. What did his father do before he took up mathematics?
- A Factory work of various kinds
 - B Some kind of origami
 - C All types of handcrafts
8. Who does he hang out with?
- A The friends he shares with his father
 - B His childhood friends
 - C People who speak other languages

9. What does he find interesting about the protein-folding problem?
- A Finding a cure for diseases
 - B Discovering the shape of the protein
 - C Doing the complicated math
10. What does he do when people really like the things in his office?
- A Talk to them about the objects
 - B Walk out the door
 - C Give them bits and pieces

II

You will hear the second part twice: first straight through, then in short sections. Answer questions 11–15.

11. How do we know that women are really tired when they arrive at work?
- A They walk rather slowly
 - B They cover part of their faces
 - C They don't have their makeup on
12. How much time do women spend working at home before leaving the house?
- A About half an hour
 - B About two hours
 - C About four hours

13. What do men have to do the night before?
- A Put the children to bed
 - B Make a list of things to do
 - C A few minutes of housework

14. What do working mothers do in the morning?
- A They rush about doing their everyday things
 - B They have to do the washing up without help
 - C They drive the children to school each morning
15. What can help women get over the feeling of being overpowered?
- A Meditating and relaxing
 - B Organising the house
 - C Hiring nannies

III

*You will hear ten short dialogues. You will hear each **once**. Answer questions 16–25.*

16. How did the seal get to where it was?
- A It was brought there by the family
 - B It was forced there by a collie
 - C It swam up a river

17. Where was the boy when he handed out the money?
- A Inside the school
 - B Walking home from school
 - C On his way to school

18. What is the woman talking about?
- A Golf balls
 - B Greens
 - C Benches

19. What could have happened if cars had driven through the mess?
- A There would have been more wrecks
 - B They would have gotten paint on them
 - C The frozen chemicals might have damaged the tires

20. According to the woman, what do you need to control your weight?
- A A dairy product
 - B A vegetable
 - C A meat product

21. What killed the mountain lion?
A It had a serious illness
B The man, with his bare hands
C The man hit it with a camera

22. What did the Scottish game warden find?
A A new hobby
B Ancient jewellery
C One million pounds

23. How were the rings found?
A Angelo noticed them by the sink
B They were dug out of trash
C They just turned up

24. How long had Elly Deacon been practicing ploughing fields?
A Ever since she was a young child
B For just a few hours
C Just on the morning of the competition

25. Why was 911 called?
A Due to a bad dinner
B Due to the lady's cooking
C Due to a family quarrel

IV

Suomenkieliset koulut:

*Tässä osassa kuulet viisi uutista. Kuulet kunkin uutisen kaksi kertaa. Kuultuasi uutisen vastaa kysymykseen **lyhyesti suomeksi**. Kirjoita vastauksesi **selvällä käsialalla** kielikokeen vastauslomakkeen **A-puolelle**.*

Svenska skolor:

*I den här delen får du höra fem nyheter. Varje nyhet får du höra två gånger. När du har lyssnat på en nyhet ska du ge **ett kort svar** på frågan **på svenska**. Skriv svaren **med tydlig handstil på sida A** av svarsblanketten för språkproven.*

- a. Missä pari meni naimisiin, ja miksi juuri siellä?
Var gifte sig paret, och varför just där?

- b. Mitä Jemima Packington ennustaa ensi kesälle, ja miten hänen tekee?
Vad spår Jemima Packington för sommaren, och hur gör hon det?

- c. Miksi munuaisesta tuli oikeusjuttu?
Varför blev njuren en rättssak?

- d. Miten lehmät saa lypsämään enemmän?
Hur får man kor att mjölka mera?

- e. Mistä Coldharbourissa kiisteltiin?
Vad grälades det om i Coldharbour?

KOKEEN PISTEITYS / POÄNGSÄTTNINGEN AV PROVET

Tehtävä	Osioiden määrä	Pisteitys	Painokerroin*	Enint.	Arvostelulomakkeen sarake
Uppgift	Antal deluppgifter	Poängsättning	Koefficient*	Max.	Kolumn på bedömningsblanketten
I–II	15 x	1/0 p.	x 3	45 p.	1
III	10 x	1/0 p.	x 1,5	15 p.	2
IV	5 x	2–0 p.	x 3	30 p.	4
Yht./Tot.				90 p.	

* Painotus tapahtuu lautakunnassa.
Viktningen görs av nämnden.

Äänitteen tekstit pohjautuvat seuraaviin lähteisiin:
Inspelningstexterna har följande källor:

- I *Psychology Today*, July/August 2007
- II *Daily Mail*, Oct. 6, 2009; www.workingmother.com (Dec. 28, 2009)
- III (16) telegraph.co.uk (Dec. 29, 2009); (17) kansascity.com (Dec. 29, 2009); (18) telegraph.co.uk (Dec. 29, 2009); (19 and 21) wsmv.com (Dec. 29, 2009); (20) *Daily Mail*, Nov. 12, 2009; (22, 23 and 24) ananova.com (Dec. 29, 2009); (25) boston.com (Dec. 29, 2009)
- IV (a) breitbart.com (Dec. 29, 2009); (b) www.telegraph.co.uk (Dec. 29, 2009) (c) ananova.com (Dec. 29, 2009); (d and e) breitbart.com (Dec. 29, 2009)